

# DAILY UNION VEDETTE.

A champion brave, alert and strong... To aid the right, oppose the wrong.

Vol. 1.]

Camp Douglas, U. T., Monday Morning, February 8, 1864.

[No. 28.]

## Daily Union Vedette,

PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING, EXCEPT SUNDAYS.

CAMP DOUGLAS, UTAH TERRITORY,

OFFICERS AND ENLISTED MEN,

California & Nevada Territory Volunteers

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### DENTISTRY.

DR. WM. H. GROVES, late of San Francisco, Cal., Surgeon and Mechanical Dentist. Office, next door to the National Hotel, G. S. L. City. nov27ti

### NOTICE.

At a meeting of the Board of Trustees, held in this City January 25th, 1864, an assessment was levied of two dollars and fifty cents per share. Payable on or before February 15th, 1864.  
By order of the Board.

G. W. CARLETON, Sec'y  
Jordan Silver Mining Co.  
Great Salt Lake City, Jan. 25, 1864. feb3-1m

### COAL NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned is now prepared to deliver at his mine on East Weber, a first rate quality of Snake Coal at the rate of Five (\$5) dollars per ton. I guarantee this Coal of a quality superior to any in the Territory. A large portion of my Coal is identical with the famous Cannel Coal. Orders may be left either at the mine or at the Telegraph Office, G. S. L. City.  
jan18th GEO. W. CARLETON.

### NOTICE.

Mining Certificates, Stock etc.—Having received Patents, Cits, Bank note paper and other material from California, we are now prepared to execute in the finest style, certificates of stock for Mining Companies incorporated either in this Territory, California, or Nevada.

ALL THE NECESSARY PRINTING  
for Mining Companies executed with neatness, and dispatch and on reasonable terms.

### JORDAN SILVER MINING COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the first annual meeting of the stockholders is called for Tuesday, the 16th instant, at 7 o'clock p. m., at the Secretary's Office, in Great Salt Lake City.

The object of said meeting is to elect a Board of Trustees for the ensuing year.  
By Order of the President.

G. W. CARLETON, Secretary.  
Great Salt Lake City, Feb. 21, 1864. feb6-2w

### Dissolution of Partnership.

The partnership heretofore existing between G. W. Carleton and William Galbraith, in the Weber Coal Mine, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All claims against said Company will be settled by George W. Carleton, he having bought out the entire interest in said Company.  
G. W. CARLETON,  
WM. GALBRAITH,  
feb6tf

**HAIR CUTTING, SHAVING, AND SHAMPOOING.**

E. J. CASANO HAS THE PLEASURE OF INFORMING the public that he has fitted up and opened a neat and

### COMMODOUS SALOON

at the Cavalry quarters, at Camp Douglas, where all attend to the wants of all who may favor him with their patronage.  
jan30dtf

(From the Philadelphia Press.)

### "The Hand is Dead"—an Incident in the Tour of Governor Curtin.

The panorama of life, in times such as these is thrillingly varied, intensely enthusiastic, wonderfully attractive, and decidedly interesting. In thus speaking, we allude particularly to that class of public men who occupy an exalted and proud position in State or National affairs. Of this class, Governor Andrew G. Curtin has a prominent place before the people of the State—in fact, we may truly say the world. In his present tour an incident occurred that caused the tear of sympathy to start in the eye of the Governor. He addressed a large meeting at Catasauqua, in the mountain region. As the sun was fast receding behind the mountain top, and casting a long shade in the valley, the Governor took passage in the train bound for more level regions. He arrived in due time in Philadelphia, having been met half-way by Col. W. B. Mann, and by him and two other warm admirers was conducted to the Continental, where he sought repose. His natural vigor was nearly exhausted. The want of sleep, the fatigue of travel, the eventful scenes of his life, the surrounding crowds, the universal hand-shakings, the vivacity and vociferations of the thronging multitude, all of which he had so recently passed through, made it necessary for retirement.

He was to start the next day on some business relative to the defense and protection of the State, in case of another rebel raid, which seemed to be projected.

About ten o'clock in the morning there appeared in the vestibule of the Continental a well dressed young lady. She was by herself. Her face betokened hard usage, that had added by her appearance ten years to her natural life. She attracted rather more than ordinary attention of the throng moving to and fro through the main avenue of that palatial building. She maintained her silence, and appeared wrapped in deep thought.

Presently Col. Mann came down the large winding marble steps; a slight tap on the shoulder caused him to stop. The young woman stood before him and said: "Sir, you are William B. Mann, I believe."

"I am, madam, what do you wish?"

"I desire to see Governor Curtin."

"Well, madam, he is very much engaged at present; is your business very pressing—is it of a public nature?"

"I desire to see him; I have come all the way from Ohio for the purpose. I have been to Catasauqua, but the train was too late; I arrived in the city this morning and I must see him; he is the only dear friend I have on earth."

Such an appeal was resistless. The gallantry of Colonel Mann, as well as his business could brook no delay. He retired for a moment, and presently ushered the strange lady into the presence of the Governor.

"Oh! Governor, I am so glad to see you," she said, as she placed her left arm upon his shoulder and imprinted a kiss upon his manly forehead.

"Madam," said he, quite overcome, "to what am I indebted for this unexpected salutation?"

"Sir, you do not know me."

"Take a chair," said the Governor,

blandly, at the same time extending one of the handsomest in the parlor.

Colonel Mann and the few gentlemen present at once became interested in the scene, and silently looked on.

"Shortly after the battle of Antietam you were upon that bloody field," she said to the Governor.

"I was," replied the Governor, thoughtfully, with a sigh, as the fearful scenes of carnage were unexpectedly brought to his memory.

"You administered to the wants of the wounded and the dying."

"It was my duty as a feeling man."

"You did your duty well. Heaven alone will reward you sir, for in this life there is no reward adequately expressive of the merit due you. You, sir, imparted consolation and revived the hopes of a dying soldier of the 28th Ohio. He was badly wounded in the arm; you shifted him into an ambulance and the blood dripping from him stained your hands and clothing. That soldier was as dear to me as life itself."

"A husband?" said the Governor.

"No, sir."

"A brother, perhaps?"

"No, sir."

"A father?"

"No, sir."

"A son?"

"No, sir."

"A lover?"

"No, sir."

The little party around were now more interested than ever. If not a husband, father, brother, son, or lover, who then could it be?

"My dear madam," said the Governor, at length breaking the silence, "this is an enigma to me. Please explain more about the gallant soldier of Ohio."

"Well, sir, that soldier gave you a ring—C. E. D. were the letters engraved on the interior. That is the ring now upon your little finger. He told you to wear it and carefully have you done so."

The Governor pulled the ring off, and sure enough the letters were there.

"The finger that used to wear that ring will never wear it any more. The hand is dead, but the soldier still lives, thanks to your kind attention on that bloody field."

The whole scene was yet a problem, that even the sagacity of Colonel Mann could not solve.

The Governor was now more interested than ever. "Well, madam," said he, "tell me all about it. Is this ring yours? Was it given to you by a soldier whom you loved?"

"I loved him as I loved life. But he never returned that love. He had more love for his country than for me; I honor him for it. That soldier who placed that little ring upon your finger now stands before you." So saying, the strange lady arose from her chair, and stood before the Governor.

The scene that now ensued we leave to the imagination of the reader. The girl who had thus introduced herself was Catherine E. Davidson, of Sheffield, Ohio. She was engaged to be married, but her future husband responded to the call of the President, and she followed him by joining another regiment. He was killed in the same battle where she fell wounded. She is alone in the world, her father and mother having departed this life years ago. She was the soldier of the 28th Ohio who had placed the ring upon the finger of Governor Curtin,

for the kind attention given her upon the bloody field of Antietam.

The right arm had been amputated about half way between the elbow and shoulder. The interview finally ended, and having at last her benefactor, she bade him and his friends adieu, taking with her an order bearing the bold signature of A. G. Curtin for one of Palmer's patent arms.

We had an interview with the heroine. She was modest, although she had led the life of a "bold soldier boy." She was loud in her praise of Governor Curtin, and is firm in the belief that through his hardworking energy, powers of physical endurance and great courage, he has saved the lives of ten thousand soldiers, many of whom still live to bless his name as one of the few immortal, not born to die.

(From the Virginia Union of Jan. 29th.)

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.—Great preparations are being made by the military of this city and Silver City to celebrate this anniversary in an appropriate manner. The different companies have a battalion drill frequently, and are getting ready for a grand parade, which it is expected will be the finest ever witnessed in the Territory. Maj. McDermitt, Captains Sumner, George, Payne, and other regular officers, will be present from Fort Churchill, with all the privates stationed there, who will join in the exercises of the day. Gov. Nye has been invited to deliver an address at one o'clock in the afternoon, and at night a grand ball will be given in Millington's Hall, the proceeds of which are for the benefit of the First Infantry Regiment, N. T. Volunteers.

DREADFUL OCCURRENCES.—On last Tuesday night a German, who lives at the house of a Sweede named Johnson, on K street, in the northeastern part of town, returned home with a quantity of amalgam, which he placed in the oven of a cooking stove before retiring. Johnson's wife and child occupied the same room, and when he arrived at the house, about 11 o'clock, and opened the door, he was immediately overcome by the fumes of mercury. He at once ventilated the house as much as possible, and when he was able to venture in, found the babe dead and his wife and the German both in an insensible condition. He aroused them from their stupor with great difficulty, and the woman has been in a critical state ever since, and will perhaps die. The German is badly salivated, but will recover. The child was buried yesterday. It is singular that any reasonable person should be so foolish as to put a lot of amalgam in a hot stove in a close room, but the day of wonders has not yet gone by.

FOR FORT CHURCHILL.—Captain M. R. Hassett, of Company C, Nevada Volunteers, yesterday sent a load of recruits to Fort Churchill. There were ten in the lot, all fine able-bodied men. The number now enlisted in this Company is thirty-five, and thirty more are needed to fill the ranks. The recruiting offices are at the Metropolitan Hotel, on D street, and at Hughes' Saloon, on Union street.

The New York Superior Court has decided the law providing for payment by the city of property destroyed by a mob, as unconstitutional.



# DAILY UNION VEDETTE.

Monday Morning, February 8, 1864.

## "Postal Delinquencies" again.

In another column we print a suggestive communication from Postmaster Stenhouse. Our attention has been called to the address on some of the papers sent from Camp, and they present many of the characteristics of Egyptian hieroglyphics, which nobody but a Printer or a Postmaster could decipher. Parties sending transient papers or letters should be careful to address them in a legible style, if they desire them to reach their destination. We invite their especial attention to the suggestions of the Postmaster on the subject of abbreviating the names of States or Territories. Unless the Postmaster happens to know what is meant, it is absolutely impossible in most cases to distinguish Cal—from Col—the one meaning California—the other Colorado. If writers are so careless they cannot expect any sympathy if their documents are missent. It is always better to write the name of State or Territory in full, and that, in a tolerably legible hand. In the *Vedette* office we have printed slips on which are the names of most of our regular subscribers, and there is no excuse that these do not reach their destination. If Postmasters will take only ordinary care in assorting the Mail when it arrives at their respective offices, they can easily remedy the complaints, getting to be both loud and deep.

We trust that all concerned will take heed of the hints thrown out and that hereafter there will be no cause of complaint. Everything possible to remedy the evil will be done in our office, and we will feel thankful if subscribers at distant Posts will notify us of the non-receipt of their papers, should they not come promptly to hand.

We have stirred up this matter, in our gentle way, not in a carping spirit, but to the end that all may be put on their guard, and cause for complaint cease. If folks want to grumble at the Postmaster and the Stage Line, they must be careful that the cause of trouble does not rest on their own shoulders, and must write with at least ordinary legibility. "People that live in glass houses must n't throw stones," and, for ourselves, we propose as far as possible, to remove every pane from the windows of our house (in this matter) and then, if there's trouble we'll rattle away at somebody's theoretical domicile that is vulnerable.

## THE YEAR 1863.

We propose, Wednesday next, to commence the publication of a record of important events of the war for the Union in the year 1863, which report will contain a synopsis of the great battles of the campaigns and a list of the names of the distinguished dead. The record, being quite lengthy, will, of course, run through several numbers of the *Vedette*. Those of our subscribers desiring extra copies of the paper containing this record should notify the carriers, or leave word at the office, as no copies will be printed except to supply subscribers and to fill orders.

## Deseret Minstrel Troupe.

We acknowledge the receipt of a complimentary Season Ticket to the pleasing entertainments of the Deseret Minstrels, now performing to crowded and delighted houses in this city. Availing ourselves of the politeness of the Managers and good company, we paid the Troupe a visit on Friday night, at their neat little building on North Temple street. The entertainment was good and varied. Songs, ballads, choruses, dances, etc., whiled away the evening, and concluded with a side splitting Farce entitled the 'Bannack Robbers.' For amateurs the performance was very creditable, and Artemus, who accompanied us, and who knows a "goak" when he sees it, laughed consumedly. We shall do ourselves the pleasure of visiting the young Minstrels again, not only to enjoy ourselves, but by way of acknowledgment of the courtesy so modestly extended to the first daily paper issued in Utah.

No support, when we are right, can be derived from those who are very ready to yield to us when we are wrong.

**THEATRICAL.**—On Saturday night last the City Theater was filled from pit to dome to witness what the play bill termed Shakspeare's great "Production" *Othello*. The interest of the Piece centered in Mr. Irwin's rendering of the part of the villain *Iago*. To our mind it was the most artistic and finished piece of acting which he has presented to the good folks of the city, and he made a decided hit. *Iago* is generally rendered as a deep, morose, heavy villain; but such was not Irwin's rendering of the character. He made him a light, devil-may-care, shrewd, accomplished and insinuating devil, with fair exterior and gay tone, but all the time bent on his hellish purpose. In the last scene, after *Iago* is stabbed by the enraged Moor, Irwin introduced a nice little piece of stage action which was novel to us, and which had a fine effect. Instead of dying on the stage, in the ordinary style, he staggered off, resisting the approach of death with all his remaining energy, and passes through the wing. Just as he passes out of sight he is heard to fall, and the audience is left to imagine the struggles and contortions of the dying villain, instead of seeing him roll all about the stage, as is usually the case.

*Desdemona* looked very pretty, walked the stage and spoke her part like a persecuted lady, and went to her long sleep in the quietest and most approved style. She looked vastly comfortable in her stage-becurained bed, and had her "light put out" by her dusky husband in the most satisfactory manner.

The other parts in the piece were very satisfactorily performed, but we noted nothing requiring special mention. Yesterday we were musing on what we should say, by way of criticism, when in passing the Theater our eye accidentally caught one of the bills, somewhat mutilated by mischievous boys. The little urchins had cut out the T and the last O from the word *Othello* in the bill, and there it stood probably as his criticism of the performance. We don't see as we could mend the matter much, and so give this little incident for all it is worth.

After the tragedy, the audience was diverted for a half hour by Prof. Simmons, who set them in a roar by his conjurings. His "handkerchief trick," though somewhat different from that in *Othello*, immediately preceding—was as well done and certainly gave as much satisfaction and considerably more fun. Professor Simmons, "the naughty man," was got up in the most gorgeous style, handled his subject in white kids, and was as dexterous and wondrous as if he had, in verity, been in league with the "Old Boy" himself.

Mr. Poulter danced an intensely interesting and exciting highland arrangement over, around and about a couple of swords, to the melodious strains of a Scotch bagpipe, and was greeted with immense applause from an audience getting decidedly sleepy. Then came Maiben with a comic song, but as midnight was fast approaching, babies became fidgety, mamma's nervous, the audience tired and altogether it was a decidedly moving scene before he got through. The trouble was that the entertainment, very good in itself and varied enough, was too lengthy, by at least half an hour.

## "A. Ward will 'Speak a Piece' to-night."

The bills about town and the advertising columns of the *Vedette*, make the above announcement and it is needless for us to say a word more to ensure a crowded house at the City Theater. Artemus' reputation got here in advance, considerably in advance—of himself, and all our little world, Saintly and Gentile, has been on the *qui vive* awaiting the announcement. We've all read about him—we've all heard about and most of us have seen him. Strange to say he is a man, don't wear horns on his head, turn somersaults on the public highways, nor doing any other uncouth or out of the way thing, but goes quietly through the land speaking here and there his "piece" and they do say, folks don't leave off laughing for a week after having heard him. Everybody has a curiosity to hear him once—he don't intend to give us an opportunity of staying away from his second lecture. Everybody will go to hear him; some will laugh at him—others will perhaps laugh at themselves,

still others at their neighbors, and by Tuesday morning we'll all know, just where the "goak" comes in. At present we have to guess at it because nobody will take any other body's experience in such matters. Wherever he has lectured the papers have pronounced him a "funny fellow" who pricks down the weeds growing all about us with a sharp thrust of satire. If Artemus can keep a Salt Lake audience in good humor and in a roar for an hour and a half—and they do say he can—he will have achieved a success of which he may well be proud. Saturday night we had tragedy, to-night we will have fun, and Thursday night, magic. Variety enough, heaven knows. Snow—Irwin—Artemus Ward—Simmons. Go early, listen, laugh when you can get a chance, and inwardly digest Artemus' good things to-night.

[Communicated.]

POST OFFICE, SALT LAKE CITY,  
Feb. 6th, 1864.

**Editors Vedette:**—I have read with much satisfaction an article in to-day's issue of your paper on "Postal Delinquencies," and I trust that all Postmasters will have as much pleasure in its perusal. If any should feel aggrieved, they will probably speak out.

I write you now, to request for the benefit of your subscribers, as well as for the aid of Postmaster's, that you fully satisfy yourself, or yourselves, that the papers issuing from your office, are so legibly addressed as to prevent any possibility of doubt as to the direction in which they should travel. With your printed addresses, no one need have any doubt or trouble; but as much cannot be said of the written addresses. In the Salt Lake Office we have been assisted in deciphering addresses of destination by acquaintance, but it is very probable that other, and more particularly distant, postmasters would be perfectly bewildered, and the result would be, that at the end of the routes the *Vedette* might go in one direction, might go in another, or, "go nowhere." For illustration, I instructed the clerk distributing the *Vedette* this morning, to keep back all the very obscurely addressed papers till I could see you before the closing of the mail, and while he was so doing, Mr. Howard Livingston chanced to call on business, and from the pile kept back, he was handed a *Vedette* addressed—as we "guessed"—for his wife. It was with difficulty that he could recognize the name of his *cara sposa*, and "Sweet Auburn," with so many pleasant recollections to him, was a tortuous winding of a quill point. He politely asked permission to re-address it, and the while expressed his doubts if the object of his affection had ever received the *Vedette*.

Further; let me suggest that as N. T., is an abridgment of Nebraska Territory, and the same of Nevada Territory, that it would be to the advantage of your subscribers to write the name of the Territory in full. Cal. and Col. for California and Colorado, subject papers to the same chances of travelling in the wrong direction. N. Y., does well enough for New York State, when plainly written; but when addresses are written with the speed of a newspaper office, it may be mistaken for the two Territories named, and little New Jersey may sometimes receive a wandering contribution, from the same cause. Let us, please, have Idaho in full, lest Indiana receive what is intended for the mines.

I wish no inference to be drawn from the last paragraph that your complaints are there answered. It is solely to draw your attention, and that of many persons mailing papers, to a few matters which would diminish the chances of papers not reaching their destination.

The carelessness of Postmasters in habitually permitting mail matter plainly addressed to pass their offices, is in no manner excusable, and, where remedy can be carried, it will no doubt have very early attention.

Very respectfully,

T. B. H. STENHOUSE, P. M.

**DAILY VEDETTE.**—We are in receipt of the *Daily Vedette*, published by the soldiers at Camp Douglas, Utah. It will soon shame the old slow going *Deseret News* out of existence or into a new life.—*Rocky Mountain News.*

[Communicated.]

Garrison Lodge, I. O. of G. T.

Camp Douglas, Feb. 4th, 1864.

Editor *Vedette*, Sir:—As Garrison Lodge, No. 65, I. O. of G. T., has become one of the fixed institutions of Camp Douglas, it may not be amiss to give a brief history of its rise and progress. The Charter for the organization of Garrison Lodge, Independent Order of Good Templars, was granted by the Grand Lodge of California, on the 8th day of July, 1862. Although great opposition was brought to bear against the granting of a Charter to a body of soldiers, who were liable to be called here to-day and there to-morrow, yet by the untiring energy of a few soldiers of the 3d Infantry, C. V., and some friends of theirs and the cause of Temperance, a Charter was at last obtained, and a small body of soldiers belonging to the 3d Infantry went to work in good earnest fighting against King Alcohol and his army, determined to conquer or die; and long, bravely, and nobly have they faced the demon foe. And now, victory is theirs; for who shall say that they have not won a victory, when the first pay-day of the troops at this Post is compared with those that have followed. The influence exerted by members of the Lodge upon their fellow-soldiers has brought many to see their folly, and they are now good soldiers and trustworthy men. We are not weary of well doing. Faith, Hope and Charity is our motto, and so long as there is one of our fellow-soldiers to reclaim, we will work "to stand him erect and make him a man." Our Lodge has enjoyed a great many privileges kindly granted by the officers who have successively commanded the Post, for which the members thereof are under the greatest of obligations. The following are the officers installed for this Quarter:

P. W. C. T., Samuel E. W. Becher; W. C. T., P. B. Denny; W. V. T., Charles W. Heath; W. S., J. B. Strong; W. T., J. W. Goldthair; W. F. S., J. H. Cheeny; W. M., J. W. Wingate; W. I. G., J. C. Fitzgerald; W. O. G. Wm. W. White; W. C., W. L. Reeves; W. H. S., L. Cowhill; W. L., H. S., G. D. Mark; W. D. M., H. Knepper.

We have 263 members in good standing; last Report of the W. F. S.; 126 of whom were initiated during last Quarter. Our Lodge is composed of members belonging to the 2d Infantry and 2d Cavalry, C. V., and the 1st Nevada Territory Volunteers. The Finances of our Lodge are in a healthy condition, for we are clear of debt and have in our Treasury \$260 21. Fearing that my Communication is now too lengthy, I will close.

Yours, with respect, GOOD TEMPLAR

The following communication from Geo. McLean Beston, written to a lady in Salt Lake City, has been sent us, with the request that we publish the same, and also that we give the character of the writer. We do so with pleasure, not only in justice to the lady, but also to the command at this Post. George McLean Beston was drummed out of the service, at this Camp, on account of his infamous character, and consequently cannot show any honorable discharge papers:

G. S. L. city, January 13th, 1864.

Madam I should wrong my own sense of duty not to write to you a word of warning of bringing my name down as a general topic of conversation amongst strangers let me speak candidly as one who wishes peace and your happiness of mind last evening I overheard remarks made by certain ladies touching on my character which led to my enquiry of their origin I learned that your levity of speech and carelessness of manner had led those persons to believe that I was a runaway from Camp 2d that I was drummed out of 3d that I was in the habit of getting drunk I deny all such charges as it is quite false and your informer lies confidently as I can show my discharge and prove them to be so you must pardon me for expressing myself so to a woman I generally mind my own business I try to and if them persons done the same I should feel thankful

Madam I feel that you have in you the elements of all that is good I pray and advise you to look into your own heart see if there is not a correction there which shall guard you against the remarks of those who are observant of the slightest mistake in word or action let discretion sit on your lips, and womanly dignity, mark your whole demeanour then you will be, not a mark for censure and rude remark, but admiration and respect give me leave to address myself as truly your friend

GEORGE McLEAN BESTON.



## BY OVERLAND TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO BALLY VEDETTE.]

### New Feature in the Confiscation Act.

CHICAGO, Feb. 6th.

A resolution amendatory to the Confiscation Act, passed the House yesterday, 82 to 74. The resolution as passed, amends the joint resolution of July 17th, '62, by making it read that no punishment or proceeding under it shall be so construed as to work forfeiture to the State offender contrary to the Constitution of the United States, provided that no other public warning or proclamation under the act of July '62, chapter 59, section 6, shall be required than the Proclamation of the President made and published by him on the 25th of July '62, which proclamation so made shall be received and held sufficient in all cases now pending, or which may hereafter arise under said act.

### The rebels capture Corinth after it is Evacuated.

MOBILE, Jan. 30th.

A dispatch from Okalona, says: The 12th Miss. regiment entered Corinth this morning; captured a quantity of arms &c. The Yankees left, as they entered.

### Bombardment of Sumter.

CHARLESTON, Jan. 30th.

The bombardment of Sumter ceased at dark, last night, a hundred and fifty shells having been thrown; a hundred and twenty-nine struck. It was renewed this morning with eighty hundred, and two hundred pounder Parrotts. Firing continued all day, mostly directed against the western wall. Only three persons wounded since the bombardment commenced.

CHARLESTON, Jan. 31st.

The enemy's bombardment of Sumter keeps up by day and closes at night; shots averaging six an hour.

HARTFORD, 6th.

### Colt's Pistol Factory Destroyed.

Colt's Pistol and Rifle Manufacturing establishment was destroyed by fire; valued at one million dollars. The machinery destroyed was valued at half a million. Whole loss estimated at two million. The insurance was only six hundred thousand. The Minnie rifle factory continues in operation. The origin of the fire is a mystery.

### Interest in the Florida Election.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6th.

Orleans papers of the 29th: But little news. Considerable interest is manifested in the coming election. Several meetings have been held.

### A new Base at Madisonville--Movement on Texas--Particulars of the Affair at Bachelder's Creek.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6th.

The World's Orleans letter says: Our force at Madisonville is being constantly increased, evidently with a view of making it a base of supplies. Rumor says that Banks will soon embark for Texas, betokening an advance movement in that quarter. The people of that State are ready, in large numbers to join our forces.

The Tribune's Newbern letter of the 1st, says: Our pickets were driven in Sunday night at Bachelder Creek, Deep Gully and Briar Creek. Lieut.

Col. Fellows of the 17th Mass., with 115 men and a detachment of the 99th New York, with a section of Captain Churchill's battery, went out on the Washington road this morning. Another section went out on the Trent road and was captured entire. Only 115 of the 17th Mass., which went out under Col. Fellows, came back. The enemy came on them in overwhelming numbers, but our troops held them in check until the baggage and camp equipage could be removed or burned. A detachment of the 17th Mass., under Lieut. Conn, got to the camp of Col. Classon, with some of the hundred and thirty-second N. Y., at Bachelder's Creek, in time to help burn the camp and hospital stores. The enemy followed our men closely until they were under the guns of our forts. Our total loss is probably 20 or 30 killed and wounded, and one hundred captured. The enemy's loss is supposed to be 10 to 12 killed and 40 or 50 wounded.

The Time's Newbern letter of the 2d, says: Our loss is not heavy; perhaps one hundred would cover the killed, wounded and missing. Lieut. Col. Fellows, of the 17th Mass., and several other officers are not heard from.

The gunboat, Underwriter, was captured under the guns of our fort which shelled and set her on fire; she blew up.

### Success of Gen. Kelly; the enemy routed.

HEAD-QUARTERS, West Va.,  
In the Field, Feb. 5th.

We have met with a signal and brilliant success. Gen. Early has been compelled to retreat up the South Fork of the South Branch, towards Shenandoah Valley, in consequence of the vigorous manner in which he had been attacked and pursued by Gen. Kelly's forces. Our combinations proved successful in defeating the enemy's designs. We have taken quite a number of prisoners and recaptured many of those taken from us. Our force drove the enemy out of Petersburg; the enemy lost a large number of men by desertion. Deserters still continue to come in.

The Tribune's Washington dispatch says: Butler confidently believes an exchange of prisoners will yet be consummated. Commissioner Ould returned to Richmond from City Point, fully convinced that our Government intend to sustain Gen. Butler. Ould is in favor of exchange.

There are nearly twenty-one millions in gold in the Treasury.

### More from Newberne.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 5th.

The following is just received from Fortress Monroe, to-day by a messenger who has just arrived with dispatches to Gen. Butler, from Newberne the afternoon of the 2d: Newberne is attacked, and the rebels have the railroad between Newberne and Moorhead City, but may be forced to retire to Fort Macon. They surprised and captured the gunboat Underwriter, and destroyed her. As long as we can keep the river open we are all right.

### DIED.

At Fort Churchill, N. T., January 25th, JANE, infant daughter of Major CHARLES, and HANNAH J. McDERMOTT, aged 4 months and 12 days.

### WANTED.

HAY and Wood, at Camp Douglas, by WALKER BROS.

## PROFESSOR SIMMONS

### THE BASILICONTAUMATURGIST

Will present the following  
LEVIATHAN PROGRAMME,  
AT THE  
GREAT SALT LAKE CITY THEATER  
THURSDAY EVENING, FEB. 11, 1864.

First--He will swallow a hay-rick and put it back again alive.

Second--He will squeeze himself through a stick of peppermint candy and afterwards suck it spirally.

Third--He will freeze a red hot stove, and when it is reduced to the consistency of warm tea, will set it going again backwards on the same road.

Fourth--He will inflate a rotary pump with one puff of his powerful windpipe and afterwards make it rise perpendicularly outwards, wind being N. S. E. by W.

Fifth--He will eat 9 oranges and lay fifty eggs out of them while flying, the stairs being carpeted, and no questions asked.

Sixth--He will take the inside of the Theater out, pack it in a small envelope, swallow the envelope through his left ear, and when it is thoroughly drownd he will put out the fire diagonally.

Seventh--He will capsize himself vertically upon a one-legged table and swallow an apple without its going down his throat. His esophagus will ascend, and his feet looking from above upon himself, will gyrate chorally to the melody of a carboniferous lay in conical sections of the early history of Utah.

N. B. Aesthetics will be strictly attended to, and the transcendental principles of Art preserved with pre-Raphaelite simplicity.

Eighth--He will cut off his head, severing the cervical vertebrae without regard to prime cost, put the whole in his pocket, and placing his left leg through his mouth, will walk off forwards in a backward way, throwing himself to pieces and picking himself up again, while so cutting his cucumbers, blue with lace edges.

## FLOUR! FLOUR!! FLOUR!!!

JUST COMPLETED

and in

FINE RUNNING ORDER,

My new

## GRIST MILL,

NEPHI CITY, JUAB COUNTY, U. T.

I Respectfully solicit the patronage of

THE PUBLIC,

And will endeavor to accommodate

CITIZENS and MERCHANTS.

February 8th, 1864.  
feb8-1mp

JOHN HAGUE.

## CALIFORNIA AND NEVADA VOLUNTEERS RESTAURANT.

South-east of the Cavalry quarters Camp Douglas.  
Meals at all hours between Reville and Tattoo.

feb8-1pm

JULIAN AVET. Prop'r.

## DAGUERREAN GALLERY.

D. BECKWITH, HAS THE PLEASURE OF announcing to the public, that he is now prepared to take

PICTURES OF ALL KINDS  
In the daguerrean art, at prices to suit.  
Gallery opposite the Commissary Store, at Camp Douglas, U. T.

jan20-1tf

## UNION HOUSE.

ON Main Street, G. S. L. City, one door north of the U. S. Subsistence Storehouse. Meals at all hours, and at the most reasonable rates.

## OYSTER SUPPERS

served up on the shortest notice, and in first rate style.

djan8tf

T. R. MILLER & CO.

## GOLD! GOLD!!

THE undersigned thanks his numerous friends for past patronage, and trusts by strict attention to business and good workmanship, to merit a continuation of their favors.

Gold and Silver worked with every design of jewelry.  
W. JONES,  
Two doors south of the U. S. Subsistence Storehouse, Main Street, Great Salt Lake City.

djan9-1m

## MANURE FOR SALE.

SEVERAL hundred loads of Manure for sale, at twenty-five cents per load, at Camp Douglas, U. T. Apply to the Post Treasurer.

jan27tf

## POTATOES FOR SALE!

BUTTER, FLOUR, CORN MEAL, HAMS, CHEESE and a general assortment of Produce constantly on hand and for sale at

feb2-1mp

GREER'S Variety Store,  
East Side of Main Street,  
Great Salt Lake City.

## THEATER!

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY!!

GREAT ATTRACTION!!

FOR ONE NIGHT ONLY

MONDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 8th 1864

THE EMINENT YOUNG AMERICAN HUMORIST,

ARTEMAS WARD,

[CHARLES F. BROWNE.]

Will "Speak a Peice" and deliver his celebrated

COMIC ORATION,

entitled

THE BABES IN THE WOOD.

In which

He will touch on many topics,

Tell many thrilling anecdotes;

Attempt a few pleasant jokes

And

Make an occasional allusion to his subject.

Tickets for sale at the Box Office every day, from 10 A. M., to 4 P. M.

feb5td

## CAMP DOUGLAS

Shaving, Shampooing, and Hair-Cutting

## SALOON.

JOHN TAUFER has the pleasure of announcing to the residents of Camp Douglas and vicinity, that he has again opened his Shaving, Shampooing and Hair-Cutting Saloon, and is now prepared to attend to the wants of all those who will favor him with a call.

dec18-d3m

## WALKER BROS.,

## WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Now offer to the public a complete

## WINTER STOCK OF DRY GOODS

Of every description, and are constantly receiving

## NEW GOODS.

Three mule trains to arrive from California, with a fine and general assortment of

## MERCHANDISE

FOR EARLY SPRING TRADE.

jan5-dtf

## Bannack Restaurant and Eating House.

THE citizens of Great Salt Lake City, and the traveling public are respectfully informed that the

Bannack Restaurant and Eating House, situated on Main street, opposite the Salt Lake House, is now open, and the proprietor is prepared to furnish Board and Lodging on reasonable terms.

jan5-tf

JOS. D. RAYLISS.

## BODENBURG & KAHN.

## NEW MERCHANDISE.

Just received from the

## EASTERN MARKET,

Consisting in part of the best

## AMERICAN AND ENGLISH

## PRINTS,

BROWN SHEETINGS, LINSEYS,  
DENIMS, SATINETS, JEANS,  
CHECKS, FLANNELS, HICK-  
ORY TWEEDS,

And a full assortment of

## DRESS GOODS,

Fall and Winter

Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Hardware, Crockery,

And a large and General Stock of

## Groceries, Dye Stuffs, Cigars, Tobacco, etc.

Call and Examine our New Stock, at the old stand of

HOOPER, ELDRIDGE & Co., East Temple street.

oc11dtf

BODENBURG & KAHN

## WILLIAM MAUGER

HAS the pleasure of announcing to the public that he is prepared to perform all work entrusted to him, with neatness and dispatch. Watches repaired and warranted to keep good time. All Jewelry repaired by him he guarantees to give satisfaction.

Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Chains, Watch Guards, Ladies Watches, Breastpins, Finger Rings, Brooches, Gold Studs, Sleeve Buttons, etc. in fact every thing to be found at a Jeweler's Store, for sale at his shop at Camp Douglas, U. T.

jan19dtf



# BY OVERLAND TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO DAILY VEDETTE.]

**Judge Isaac Murphy, Provisional Governor of Arkansas.**

FORT SMITH, (Ark.), Feb. 3d.

The Union Convention at Little Rock nominated Judge Isaac Murphy for Provisional Governor, and have organized a provisional State Government. Its proceedings are to be submitted to the people in March next.

**Guerrillas Below Memphis.**

CAIRO, Feb. 4th.

Guerrillas still continue their depredations on property below Memphis. Capt. Forrest has been operating in the vicinity of Island Sixty, where he captured sixty horses and mules and a lot of cattle and made his escape with his booty. He next went to Friar's Point and stole all the goods in the place and carried off several wagon loads of flour, coffee and other supplies.

**From Santa Fe.**

LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS, Feb. 3d.

By Santa Fe advices of the 15th ult: General Carleton had gone to El Paso. A fight occurred near Fort Sumner on the 5th, in which our troops routed the Navajo Indians, killing 40 and wounding 25.

**Escapes from Johnson's Island--The Chesapeake.**

HALIFAX, Feb. 4th.

Marshal Kane, and a large number of Confederate officers have arrived here. They are said to have escaped from Johnson's Island.

Nothing was done in the Court of Admiralty yesterday in reference to the steamer Chesapeake, and the Court adjourned till Friday, when it is expected the vessel will be delivered to the owners.

**Foreign News.**

PORTLAND, Feb. 4th.

By the Jura from Liverpool the 21st and Londonderry the 22d: The Danish situation remains unchanged, with more hopes of a peaceful solution, although the Austrian troops have commenced marching for Schleswig.

Private advices report the Alabama at Singapore on the 22d of Dec.

HALIFAX, 4th.

Additional by the Jura: Debates on the address of the Emperor still continued. All opposition to the amendment have been rejected; but in one case only they obtained 62 votes. According to the latest estimate, applications for the loan are expected to reach fifteen to twenty times the amount to be allotted.

BERLIN, Jan. 21st.

It is asserted that Russia has declared that if the London protocol be suspended she will immediately renew her claim to Geotorp, (?) portion of the Holstein. The Danish refusal of the Austro-Prussia demands has reached those Governments. It is announced that the Austro-Prussian troops would march without further delay into Schleswig. Frankfort letters say that the opinion there prevails that Austro-Prussia must have come to a definite understanding with England. The London *Globe* expresses confidence that peace will be maintained, now that two substantial Gov-

ernments have substituted themselves for the shadowy German Diet

HALIFAX, Feb. 5th.

By the Arabia, from Liverpool the 23d and Queenstown the 24th: Politics are unimportant.

PARIS, Jan. 24th.

Before assuming the reins of government Maximilian will await the return of the Mexican deputation who offered him the Crown, October 3d, with the vote of Mexican Notables, and an adhesion of certain Cities specified by the Archduke who demanded the vote of the Notables to be ratified by a vote of the Mexican principal Councils. The mission of the French expedition will be accomplished by the middle of January.

NEW YORK, 6th.

Latest per Arabia, from Berlin 23d: Prussian Chambers adopted the resolution opposing the policy of Prussia separating herself from other German States, and threatening every resistance thereto. It is reported from Japan that Satsuma refused to pay the indemnity demanded by the English, until they evacuate Yokohama. The English are waiting reinforcements.

MADRID, Jan. 23rd.

The *Epoch* announces that the Spanish government will appoint a Minister to Mexico as soon as it receives official information of the crowning of Maximilian.

KIEL, Jan. 22.

The Danish question unchanged. In consequence of a thaw which set in, the Danish troops have been ordered to retire on the arrival of the Prussian troops.

**Returned Soldiers and Copperheads.**

CHICAGO, Feb. 4th.

Dispatches from Paris, Ill, mention a disturbance between returned soldiers and copperheads. The latter, said to be six or seven hundred strong, are encamped ten miles from Paris. 150 soldiers have been sent from Terre Haute for defense of the place.

**General News.**

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4th.

Greatly exaggerated reports have been published as to the number of rebel deserters to the Army of the Potomac. They averaged, last month, from five to twelve a day, but arrivals this month are more frequent, not, however, at any time exceeding the latter estimate.

Letter from the army says that last Monday was the time appointed for the rebel conscripts of Virginia to assemble at various rendezvous. Refugees say a portion design doing so, but many will reach our lines.

At the regular democratic caucus held last night, the only business transacted was the announcement of a committee to prepare an address to the country. The committee is composed of one member from each Congressional Democratic State Delegation.

**The International Revenue Bill.**

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4th.

The International Revenue Bill, as it passed the Senate today, provides that after its passage, in lieu of the duty provided for in the act of July, '62, and in addition to the duties pay-

able for licences, there shall be paid on all spirits distilled, sold or distilled, removed for consumption and for sale after the passage of the act, and previous to July 1st, a duty of sixty cents; after July 1st, and previous to the 1st of January next, 70 cents; after January next, 80 cents. In addition to the duty heretofore imposed by law, there is to be paid on spirits distilled from grain and other material, whether of American or Foreign production, imported from Foreign countries previous to July 1st, a duty of 40 cents; all from July 1st to January 1st, 50 cents; and thereafter, 60 cents. The Senate struck out the House provision taxing spirits on hand for sale, and also the clause proposing an additional tax of 20 cents on adulterated liquors. The Senate also rejected the proviso increasing the duty on cotton to two cents.

**Important News.**

CHICAGO, Feb. 5th.

New York, 5th. The *Herald's* special, in the field, Western Va., the 4th, says: Our forces have overtaken the enemy at the ford near Moorfield, Hardy county. The enemy doubtless intend to dispute the crossing. Our forces are in position and the artillery has opened.

The *Tribune's* Washington special says: Letters from Europe show a strong tendency in the Government financial circles of France and England to adopt a system of currency for National credit which has performed such miracles in sustaining the vast expenditures of our war.

Some months ago it was stated on the authority of an officer attached to the U. S. Steamship *Tuscarora*, now in European waters, that Mr. Laird was solicited to sell his Rams to the British Government. The story has been repeated since, and with certainty that the proposition was refused. A naval officer, however, received a letter from a European correspondent stating that the English Government and Mr. Laird differ only about the price of the vessels; and if the Government will give the figure stated by him they can have the craft notwithstanding the statement to the contrary recently published by the British news-papers.

The Washington *Republican*, in a leader yesterday afternoon, headed "Suggestions concerning the further prosecution of the War," reviews the results previous to the campaigns, and advocates a vigorous effort to overthrow the rebel army in Va., as of prime importance. It advocates a campaign up James river, believing the occupation of James river would place at our mercy the Petersburg Railroad, and from Richmond to Danville, and would cause the evacuation of Richmond.

**Colt's Pistol Factory in Flames.**

HARTFORD, Conn., Feb. 5th.

Colts Pistol Factory is in flames. The loss will be immense.

**The Blockade Again.**

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6th.

The Richmond *Sentinel*, Monday, says: Two steamers ran the blockade into Wilmington, recently.

**ATTENTION! ATTENTION!**

CITIZENS OF UTAH,

**Bring in Your Produce!**

**A. GILBERT.**

(Next door to the Salt Lake House,) calls special attention to his large and well selected

**STOCK OF DRY GOODS**

Consisting of

COTTON, WOOLEN, AND MIXED FABRICS, CALICOES, SILKS, DRILLINGS, FLANNELS, and other

**STAPLES.**

Selected Expressly for this Market;

Also offers on reasonable terms,

GROCERIES, COFFEE, CANDLES, SOAP, etc., etc., SUGARS, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, CROCKERY, etc., etc., etc.

On Terms to Suit.

EXAMINE OUR GOODS AND TRY OUR PRICES.

Highest Cash Prices paid for Grain.

nov27-dtf A. GILBERT

**RANSOHOFF & BRO.**

MAIN STREET, GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY.

Now offer to the Public one of the Best Assorted and Largest Stock of

**Dry Goods, Groceries, Fancy and Staple Articles,**

Ever Brought to this Territory.

Selected With Especial View to this Market!

AT RATES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

A Full Assortment of

**MERCHANDISE,**

Including

Fancy Articles, Dress Goods, Trimmings, Groceries, Hardware and Crockery.

In Fact Everything Desirable, Necessary and Useful from Needles up to Cooking Stoves, from Finest Laces and Silks to Calicoes, Collars and

**WOOLEN GOODS.**

Give us a Call, and see our Prices.

nov27-dtf RANSOHOFF & BRO.